January 17, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR CHAIRMAN SEABORG

COMMISSIONER JOHNSON

COMMISSIONER NABRIT

COMMISSIONER RAMEY

COMMISSIONER TAPE

31 THROUGH GENERAL MANAGER Engil De Rengo

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SUBJECT: RECENT INFORMATION ON THE STATUS OF THYROID DISEASE IN THE MARSHALLESE EXPOSED TO FALLOUT FROM THE BIKINI TEST OF MARCH 1, 1954

The following updates the information on this subject with respect to our last memorandum dated May 4, 1966 (copy attached).

The five cases mentioned on page 2, paragraph 2, were brought from Rongelap to Brookhaven during the latter half of May and admitted to the Madical Department on May 26, 1966. After thorough evaluation they were transferred to the New England Desconess Hospital, Boston, for subtotal thyroidectomies. Following operation, they were returned to Brookhaven on June 11, discharged from Brookhaven on June 16, and returned home.

All withstood surgery easily and have exhibited no complications except the expected hypothyroidic state which is to be treated by daily oral administration of appropriate thyroid hormone. All the patients were females with present ages of 46, 20, 15, 13, and 13, or respective ages of 34, 8, 3, 1, and 1 years at time of exposure. All showed adenomatous goiters with nodules varying from one large single nodule to multiple small ones; one patient had a small nodule with Hürtle cells which, while anaplastic, are not necessarily neoplastic.

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Pifty-five of the 69 were on Rongelsp Island and received estimated whole body doses of 175 R plus possible doses of 700 to 1400 rem to their thyroids from the radioiodines. The remaining 14 (six were 1-10 years of age) were visiting on /ilinguae, a nearby island, and received estimated doses of 69 R whole body exposure, plus less certain but probably small thyroid doses. None of the six children who were on /ilinguae have thus far developed nedules, so that the incidence of nodules among the 19 more heavily exposed on Bongelsp when 1-10 years old is 13/19 or 66 percent. Two of the three edults were on Bongelsp and one was on /ilinguae.

Thus far only six of the above, including the scult found to have cancer, have been subjected to surgery. The current plans are to bring five of the remaining 10 cases to Brookhaven for further disgnostic study and possible surgery during May 1966. One is a 46-year-old adult woman and the others are girls presently 15, 13, 13, and 20 years old. They will be accompanied by the Rongelap schooltescher who will not as interpreter. The travel and treatment of these people has been developed with the cooperation of the Honorable Vilfred Goding, Righ Commissioner, Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

/11 these Murshallese presumbly have been taking tetraledothyronine, a synthetic thyroid hormone, for the lest seven months. The intent of the therapy is to prevent end/or cause regression of the nodules. Some success has been seen, but it is too soon to drew conclusions.

Forty children who were on Utirik at the time and received estimated doses of 14 R plus proportionately amiller internal thyroid doses were examined for nodular thyroids; none were found.

from 194 unexposed controls who are now living on those islands, three cases of thyroid nodules were found, all in adults more than 47 years. Other forms of thyroid disease were not seen.

You will be kept informed of the progress of these studies; the next noteworthy item will be the clinical and possibly surgical findings in the five Karthallese coming to Brookhavan.

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C. L. Dunham, M.D.

Director

Division of Biology and Hadicias