1.	Arthropoda: The taxonomic classification which includes insects, spiders, millipedes, scorpions, etc, 403648
2.	Ectoparasites: Fleas, ticks, lice, mites, etc., living on the body of a host organism such as a rat.
3.	Entomology: The study of insects.
4.	Harborage: Areas providing shelter and/or breeding sites for insects, rodents, etc. Examples would be trash dumps, buildings, etc.
5.	Have-A-Heart Traps: A brand name of a rodent trap which catches the animal alive and without injury.
6.	L. mactans: The black widow spider.
7.	Lepidopterous Larvae: Moth and butterfly catterpillers.
8.	Musca: The genus of flies to which house flies belong.
9.	P. fuscatus: See 10 below.
10.	Polistes fuscatus Var. aurifer: A common variety of paper wasp.
11.	Polistene Type Sting: Typical sting of the paper wasp (see Wheel Flair Reaction).
12.	<u>Prebaiting</u> : Positioning a bait without the presence of a poison to measure the acceptability and consumption by the rodent to be controlled. Furthermore, it indicates if other non-target organisms will be attracted to it.
13.	Predator: Usually an animal which specifically seeks out and destroys another animal; i.e., cats to rats and mice.
14.	<u>R. marginata</u> : See 15 below.
- 15.	Ropalidia marginata: A common paper wasp similar to the Polistes group.
16.	Sphecidae: A mud wasp which is predacious against spiders. Normally, it does not sting man but is capable.
17.	Vespidae: A large taxonomic group of wasps which include the paper wasps.
	BEST COPY AVAILABLE

- Harbor

۰.

, • • <u>-</u>

2.

18. Wheel-Flair Reaction: A common local reaction to the sting of many wasps. One typically has a raised blanched center about 1/2 to 1 centimeter across surrounded by a large red circle with a common total diameter around the size of a quarter to a half dollar.

page

- 2