407666

document consists

UNIQUE DOCUMENT

nic Energy Act of 1946. insmittation the disclosure of its conner to an unauthorized person is prohibited

3	By: Entered In OpenNet By:	Date:	
	Not Authorized for F	WDRC Helease	

MONTHLY STATUS AND PROGRESS REPORTS

FOR

**NOVEMBER 1950** 

Cholefil	
DEPARTMENT OF LESSINGLE REVIEW AUTHORIZED &	CERT DECLASSIFICATION REVIEW
Binisgalli 11/2/9	ZZ CLASSIFICATION (L'ANNELL CLASSIFICATION CHANGE)
NAME: ATTO Christ	3. CONTAINS 'NO DOT CLASHIFTED HAD A COORDINATE WITH:
DATE: 12/1/94	(7. OTHER (SPECIFY): Cover and ph
	4-9 only



U. S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

US DOE ARCHIVES 326 U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Ucction.



94HDOT1786

# EXTRANEOUS MATERIAL DELETED

EXTRANEOUS MATERIAL DELETED



### II - BIOLOGY AND MEDICINE

# Advisory Committee for Biology and Medicine

The Advisory Committee for Biology and Medicine held its twenty-fourth meeting at the AEC in Washington on November 10 and 11, 1950. The discussions for the most part were centered on the scope and breadth of research programs for the Division of Biology and Medicine.

Representatives of the medical branches of the Armed Services included General Wm. H. Powell, Adm. T. C. Greaves, and General James P. Cooney who participated in discussions regarding their current programs for the protection of military personnel against acute injury from ionizing radiation.

### Biology Branch

Information Meetings in April. Dr. Alexander Hollaender Director of the Biology Division of the Oak Ridge National Laboratory, and Dr. Edward McGrady, Office of Research and Medicine, Oak Ridge, reviewed with members of the Washington staff the program for the yearly Information Meetings of the Biology Division of ORNL to be held at Oak Ridge April 12 to 14, 1951. The general theme of the conference will deal with the Effect of Radiation on Cellular Physiology.

RW studies. Dr. N. E. Tolbert attended a conference at Dak Ridge to review the progress in the RW project at the University of Tennessee Farm and to discuss certain technical aspects in the irradiation of the burros. The Division of Biology and Medicine has agreed to advise on the technical aspects of this program. Also present at the conference were representatives from the Toxicity Laboratory of Chicago, University of Tennessee, and Oak Ridge Operations Office.

Isotope-labeled compounds. Dr. P. B. Pearson visited AlL and reviewed the biology program there with Dr. Austin Brues and members of his staff. Special consideration was given to the program of biological synthesis of labeled compounds under the direction of Dr. N. Scully. The Argonne Laboratory will supply the Washington office with a list of compounds which will be available from this program for experimental use within the next year.

#### Medical Branch

Atomic Bomb Casualty Commission. The report, "Survey of the Business Management Practices of the Atomic Bomb Casualty Commission, Japan," by Mr. John V. Lannan, Internal Auditing Branch, Finance Division, was studied by the Division and recommendations for corrective action were passed on to Dr. Milton Winternitz, Chairman, Division of Medical Sciences, National Research Council, in a letter from Dr. Warren on November 27, 1950.



The administration of the ABCC contract AT-49-1-GEN-72 with the National Academy of Sciences was assigned to the NYOO, effective December 1, 1950.

Dr. Ernest W. Goodpasture, Vice Chairman of the Advisory Committee for Biology and Medicine, is leaving for Japan about December 15, 1950, to reexamine the scope of the research activities of the ABCC in Hiroshima and Nagasaki.

Beryllium Advisory Committee. Dr. Robert A. Kehoe, Director, Kettering Laboratory of Applied Physiology, University of Cincin ati, has agreed to serve on the Division's Beryllium Advisory Committee. Dr. Harriet Hardy, Chairman, is planning to have the next meeting of the committee on February 8, 1951, to review the recommendations for control of beryllium hazards.

Visits. Dr. Philip Drinker, Professor of Industrial Hygiene, School of Public Health, Harvard University, visited the Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory on November 13 and 14 as a consultant for this Division, and found the industrial hygiene conditions greatly inproved over the conditions found at the time of the Health and Safety Committee survey in 1947. Dr. Drinker stated that "\*\*\*\* Many of the things we saw in '47 and criticized were gone or completely changed for the better. The most important was the lack in '47 of industrial health and industrial health supervision. Today the picture has completely changed in these matters."

# Biophysics Branch

Mound Laboratory. A member of the Biophysics Branch visited Mound Laboratory to review their radioactive waste disposal operations, and to obtain an overall view of health physics activities at this site. Substantial amounts of activity are received as liquid wastes at the water treatment plant where routine processing reduces the discharge about 1,000 times. Concentration of radioactive waste in the Miami river, after mixing has occurred, is only about a tenth of the permissible concentration as evaluated by the National Bureau of Standards Subcommittee on Permissible Internal Dose. Shifting of employees between areas of high and low potential exposure, to permit accrued body burdens of radioactive materials to be eliminated, insures that no employees have long-term average body burdens above the maximum permissible limit.

Emergency tolerance levels. Staff work is proceeding on the problem of deriving emergency tolerance concentrations of fission products which might be permitted in drinking water and food for limited periods, in case of atomic disaster. Material is also being assembled for an official statement on permissible levels of exposure to external radiation and to internal radioactive emitters, for use in AEC installations. It is expected that these statements will be issued during December.



小のなる ない

Waste disposal policy. A comprehensive waste-disposal policy is being formulated to govern the amounts of radioactivity allowable in discharged AEC liquid wastes. Such a realistic general policy is conceived as being useful in assaying the satisfactory or unsatisfactory nature of current waste disposal policy, and in deciding whether proposed waste disposal facilities at new or old sites are likely to be adequate in the sense of creating no appreciable radioactivity hazard. A large amount of staff work remains to be done.

Lethal effects of radiation. The literature was reviewed and a report was prepared on the lethal effects of X-rays and gamma rays on a variety of mammals, as an aid to estimating the lethal effects of radiation on humans. Available clinical data on humans, as well as such information as could be gleaned from data on the Japanese at Hiroshima and Nagasaki, were also included. The report is for consideration by an ad hoc committee which will estimate possible military effects of radiation. It will also be of value in the studies of the Reactor Safeguard Committee.

# Radiation Instruments Branch

Detection of smuggled weapons. The Radiation Instruments Branch was directed by the General Manager's Office to investigate various radiation detection instruments for the purpose of detecting atomic weapons which might be smuggled into the United States aboard a ship. It is felt that the most promising instrument is one developed at Oak Ridge National Laboratory which is of the order of 2,000 times more sensitive than a Geiger counter. Experiments are being run with this instrument, and it may be later tested under actual conditions at Los Alamos.

Ra-Det is a monthly publication containing information on instrumentation which is distributed only within governmental organizations. A study is being made to determine the feasibility of declassifying this publication and making it available for public sale.

### Civil Defense Liaison Branch

Information paper. During the month an information paper, AEC 171/14, entitled "Civil Defense Activities of the AEC - Recent Developments," was prepared and submitted for circulation to the Commission. This paper summarizes activities occurring subsequent to previous papers in this series.

Loan of radiation detection instruments and radiation sources. Requests for loan of instruments and/or sources were received from the civil defense organizations of the State of North Dakota and the City of Chicago. These requests were honored after approval by the NSRB of the training courses in which they were to be used, in accordance with the procedure established by the CDL Branch with the NSRB.



Disaster plan. A disaster plan for the Division of Biology and Medicine, supplemental to the overall Washington Headquarters plan, has been prepared in draft form and is undergoing revision.

Review of NSRB documents. The draft NSRB "Civil Defense Health Services Manual" was reviewed intensively by members of the Division of Biology and Medicine and also by representatives of the Division of Military Application and Technical Information and the Office of Classification.

Review of shelter plans. At the request of the NSRB and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation it has been agreed that plans and specifications for the construction under the Boston Common of a garage, that would also serve as an underground A-bomb proof shelter would be reviewed by AEC for efficacy of protection by the proposed structure.

NSRB Advisory Committee on Radiological Monitoring. AE members of this Committee and of a subcommittee appointed to prepare specifications for an approved civil defense type radio detection instrument attended several meetings during the month. Recommendations of the subcommittee were approved at a full committee meeting, and it was announced that the approved specifications would be released probably early in December.

Committee to study defense against unconventional forms of attack. On November 6, 1950, the AEC was asked by Mr. Jess Larson, General Services Administrator, to appoint a representative to a committee to study problems of defense against unconventional forms of attack and to make recommendations for protection of governmental buildings, records, and personnel against such attack. Dr. Walter D. Claus, Chief, Biophysics Branch, Division of Biology and Medicine, has been nominated to serve as AEC representative on this Committee.

# Research Projects Approved during November, 1950

The following research projects were approved for negotiation or renewal during November, 1950:

#### Biology

Boyce Thompson Institute - \$14,800 (renewal) - Dr. George L. McNew - "Use of tracer fungicides in determining the mechanics of protecting plants from fungus diseases"

Fordham University - \$5,000 - Dr. Ellis V. Brown - "Fate of thiamine and thiamine analogs in the animal body. Mechanism of thiamine inhibition by thiamine analogs"

University of Georgia - \$3,800 (renewal) - Dr. Henry Schoenborn - "The production of mutant strains of englenoid flagellates and their use in the study of carbon dioxide fixation processes"

Indiana University - \$4,300 - Dr. Felix Haurowitz - "The mechanism of the combination of antigen and antibody"

University of Missouri - \$7,020 (renewal) - Dr. S. Brody - "Determination of thyroid activity in farm animals"

University of North Carolina - \$8,527 - Dr. Maurice Whittinghill - "The partial elimination of lethal genes before reproduction in crosophila by the use of environmental agents"

State College of Washington - \$4,900 - Dr. Luther Smith - "Study of factors influencing the biological effects of X-rays"

University of Wisconsin - \$26,460 (renewal) - Dr. D. E. Green - "Studies on the cyclophorase system of animal tissue"

### Medicine

Ayer Foundation Ophthalmic Research Lab., New York City \$5,654 - Dr. William H. Buschke - "Growth activities, clotting mechanism and histochemistry of lens and cataracts, with special emphasis on 1-ray damage"

The Hahneman Medical College & Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania - \$13,500 - Drs. J. S. Roth and M. J. Boyd - "Study of nutritional and other factors involved in radiation injury and resistance to radiation injury"

Kettering Laboratory, University of Cincinnati - \$28,294 (renewel) - Dr. Robert A. Kehoe - "Research on the biological effects of baryllium and its compounds"

Kresge Eye Institute, Detroit, Michigan - \$16,427 (reneval, contract previously with Harvard University) - Dr. V. Everett Kinsey - Effects of neutrons and other radiations on the ocular lens"

Lankenau Hospital Research Institute, Philadelphia - \$12,000 (renewal) - Drs. Sidney Weinhouse and Grace Medes - "Origin and fate of amino acids in plants and animals"

Mount Sinai Hospital, New York City - \$6,530 (renewal) - "Use of isotopes in the study of the etiology of drug eruptions"

New York Medical College - \$18,350 (renewal) - Dr. Alfred L. Copley - "Studies of vascular factors in radiation hemorrhage and other hemorrhagic diatheses"

University of Oklahoma Research Institute - \$12,000 (renewal) - Dr. S. H. Wender - "Studies of isolation and identification of flavonoid pigments of use in the control of radiation injury"



St. Louis University School of Medicine - \$18,800 - Dr. Henry Pinkerton - "Relation of rickettsial and viral infection to radiation injury"

University of Washington - \$12,000 (renewal) - Dr. Hyp J. Dauben - "Synthesis of carbon 14 - labeled diethylstilbestrol and a study of its metabolism in the body"

Yale University School of Medicine - \$12,700 - Drs. John H. Heller and Ernest Pollard - I - "Studies of factors influencing tissue sensitivity to radiation" II - "Studies of oxidative and reductive factors in relation to radiation cataract"

# EXTRANEOUS MATERIAL DELETED

EXTRANEOUS MATERIAL DELETED